



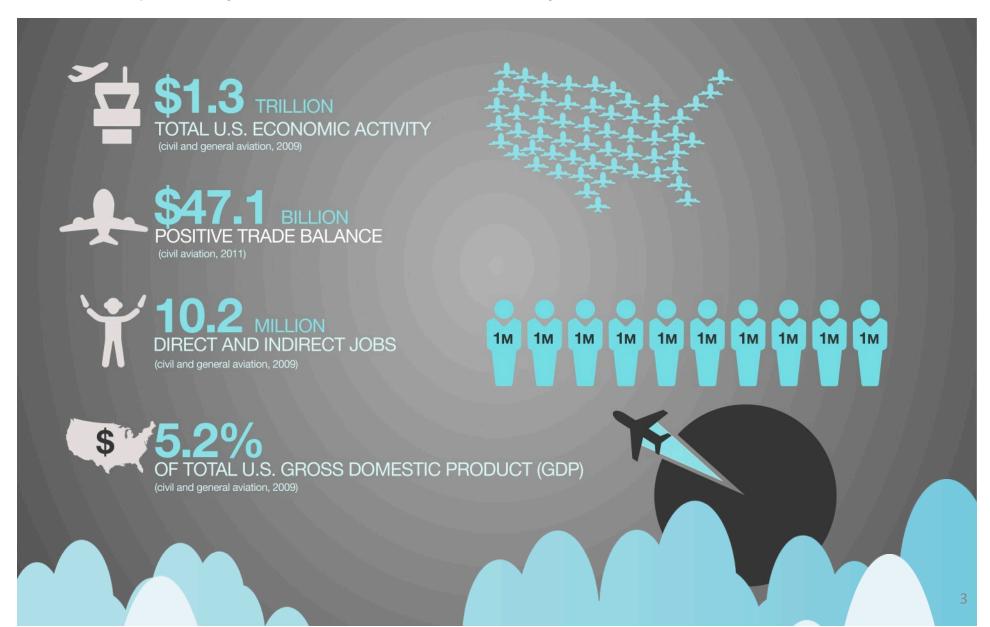
"ARMD provides critical support to our nation's aeronautics research efforts. They have a strong track record of leading complex, collaborative research with multiple federal agencies, academia, government labs, and industry"

Marion Blakey, Chair – NAC Aeronautics Research Committee

Why is aviation so important?



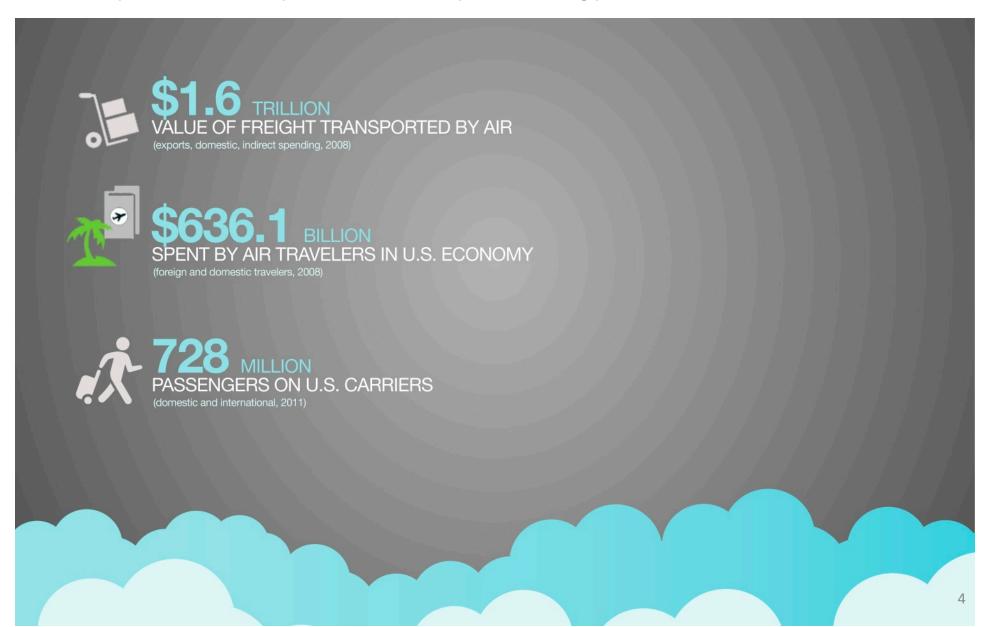
The air transportation system is critical to U.S. economic vitality.



Why should I care?



Take the system view. You may not have flown today but something you needed did.



Aeronautics Research Supports High Quality Manufacturing Jobs





Civil Aeronautics Manufacturing*

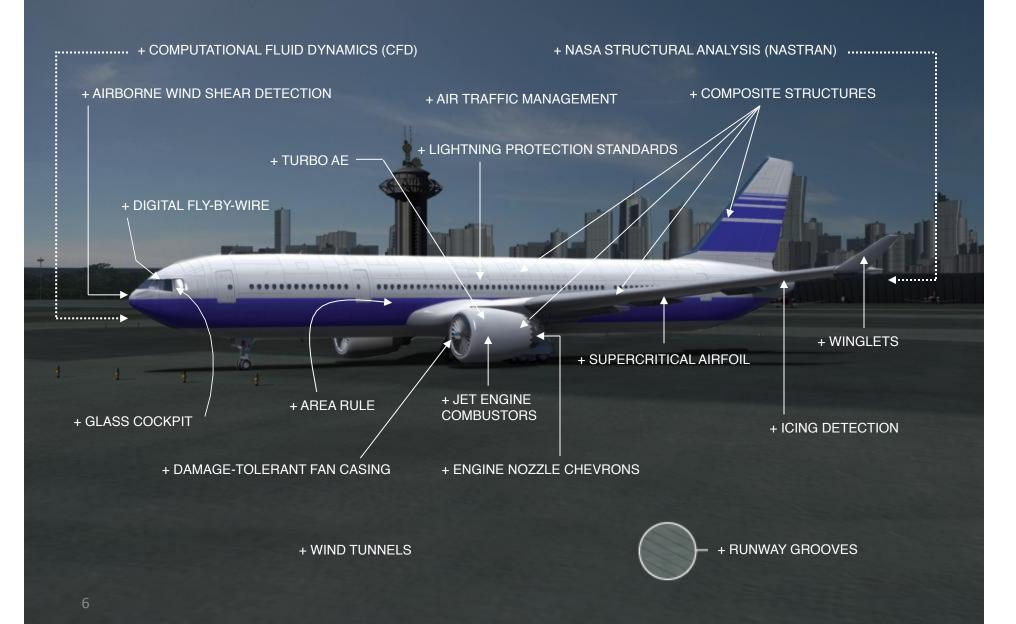
2008 1,096,000 jobs

2009 1,112,000 jobs



"Sales orders for all four versions of the GTF engine, which each have an estimated price of \$12 million, have prompted Pratt to add nearly 500 engineers at its East Hartford, Conn., headquarters. "We haven't done this in some time," says Sue Gilbert, director of human resources.... Every business in the area, from real estate to dentists to pizzerias, could benefit." – Time Magazine

NASA Technology Onboard Commercial Fixed-Wing Aircraft



Where do we see NASA's benefits today?



Source: CFM

NASA's fundamental research can be traced to ongoing innovation.

pressure turbine thermal barrier coating

Boeing 787 NASA's work on these technologies Was transferred 20% more fuel efficient/ for use here Advanced composite structures reduced CO₂ emissions **Benefits** Chevrons 28% lower NO_x emissions Laminar flow aerodynamics 824 confirmed orders · Advanced CFD and numeric simulation tools 60% smaller noise footprint through August 2012 Advanced ice protection system Boeing 787 Source: Boeing **Boeing 747-8** 16% more fuel efficient/ NASA's work on these technologies Was transferred reduced CO₂ emissions Advanced composite structures for use here **Benefits** Chevrons 30% lower NO_x emissions · Laminar flow aerodynamics 106 confirmed orders 30% smaller noise footprint than Advanced CFD and numeric simulation tools through August 2012 **Boeing 747-8** 747-400 Source: Boeing P&W PurePower 1000G Geared Turbofan NASA's work on these technologies Was transferred • Low NO, Talon combustor 16% reduction in fuel for use here Benefits • Fan Aerodynamic and Acoustic Measurements burn/reduced CO₂ • Low noise, high efficiency fan design emissions Proposed for Airbus A320NEO, Ultra High Bypass technology Bombardier C-Series, 50% reduction in No. Acoustics Modeling and Simulation tools P&W PurePower 1000G Mitsubishi Regional Jets Geared Turbofan 20dB noise reduction Source: Pratt & Whitney **CFM LEAP-1B** NASA's work on these technologies • Compression system aerodynamic Was transferred 15% reduction in fuel burn/ performance advances for use here reduced CO₂ emissions • Low NO, TAPS II combustor Benefits • Low pressure turbine blade materials 50% less NO • High-pressure turbine shroud material Proposed for Airbus A320NEO, Boeing 15dB noise reduction · Nickel-aluminide bond coat for the high 737MAX

CFM LEAP-1B

Where do we see NASA's benefits today?



NASA's fundamental research can be traced to ongoing innovation.

EDA

NASA's work on these technologies

- Human-in-the-loop simulations
- Joint flight trials with FAA and airlines
- Automated decision support tools
 - Traffic Management Advisor
 - 3-Dimensional Path Arrival Management
- Trajectory and arrival modeling and solutions

Was transferred for use here

Phased deployment by the FAA of Efficient Descent Advisor starting 2014; full deployment by 2020.



Federal Aviation Administration Source: FAA

Benefits

- Fuel-efficient continuous descents
- Potential \$300 million jet fuel savings per year (savings vary per spot fuel costs)
- Reduced delays in congested airspace
- Reduced noise and emissions around airports
- Retained safety
- Reduced controller workload through increased automation

Ice Protection

NASA's work on these technologies

- Understanding of icing physics
- · Icing test methods and facilities
- Icing computational simulation and certification tools

Was transferred for use here

Included in manufacture of new models such as Boeing 787



Boeing 787 Source: Boeing

Benefits

- Reduced cost for aircraft certification
- Reduced time for aircraft certification
- Increased safety

Where do we see NASA's benefits today?



NASA's fundamental research can be traced to ongoing innovation.

Synthetic and Enhanced Vision Systems

NASA's work on these technologies

- Sensor-based imaging
- World-wide terrain database
- 3D display avionics
- In-flight data integrity monitoring
- Synthetic Vision
- Gate-to-gate "virtual visual" concepts

Was transferred for use here

Honeywell, Rockwell-Collins and GE Aviation manufacture synthetic and enhanced vision systems.



Honeywell SVS in G450 Source: Gulfstream

Improved ability to "see" in poor conditions

- Improved ground hazard avoidance
- Useful for civilian, military and unmanned flight
- Reduced landing ceiling and threshold minimums
- Safe, intuitive training environment for newer pilots

Data Mining

NASA's work on these technologies

- Massive datasets
- High-end computing
- Data mining algorithms for different data types
- Knowledge discovery of anomalies

Was transferred for use here

FAA's ASIAS system receives data from entire U.S. civil aviation community. NASA partners with individual airlines.

Aviation Safety
Information and
Analysis Sharing
(ASIAS)



Source: Southwest Airlines

 Improved discovery by individual airlines of Benefits
 relevant operational events

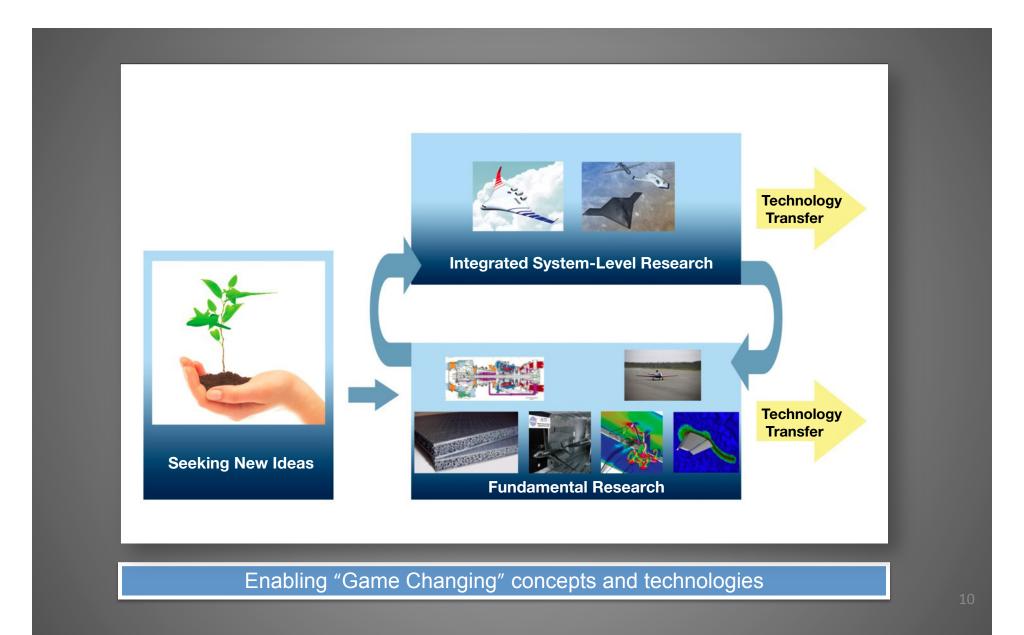
• Increased identification of safety-related incidents

Increased sharing of safety-related trends across airlines

• Reduced rate of incidents system wide

ARMD Investment Strategy





NASA Aeronautics Programs





Fundamental Aeronautics Program

Conducts fundamental research to generate innovative concepts, tools, technologies and knowledge to enable revolutionary advances for a wide range of air vehicles.

Integrated Systems Research Program

Conducts research at an integrated system-level on promising concepts and technologies and explore, assess and demonstrates the benefits in a relevant environment.









Airspace Systems Program

Directly addresses the fundamental air traffic management research needs for NextGen by developing revolutionary concepts, capabilities, and technologies that will enable significant increases in the capacity, efficiency and flexibility of the NAS.





Aviation Safety Program

Conducts cutting-edge research to produce innovative concepts, tools, and technologies to improve the intrinsic safety attributes of current and future aircraft and air traffic management systems.









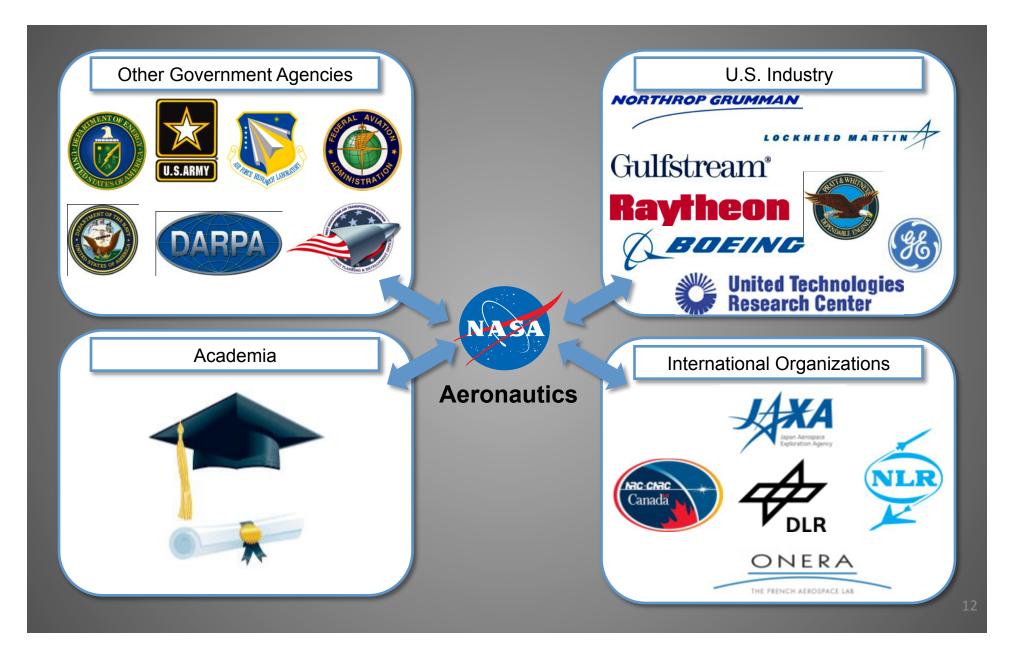


Aeronautics Test Program

Preserves and promotes the testing capabilities of one of the United States' largest, most versatile and comprehensive set of flight and ground-based research facilities.



Collaboration with External Partners

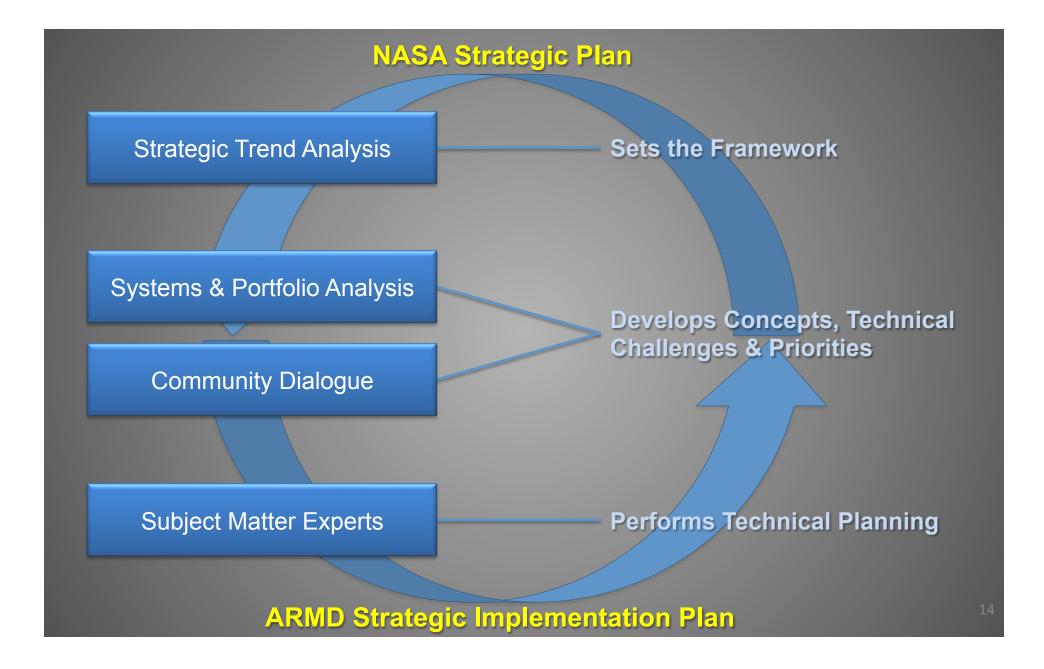




STRATEGIC ANALYSIS

Approach to Planning

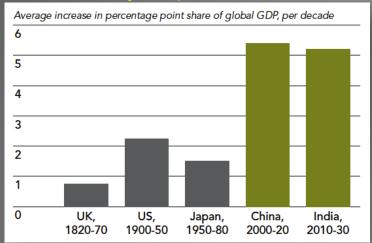




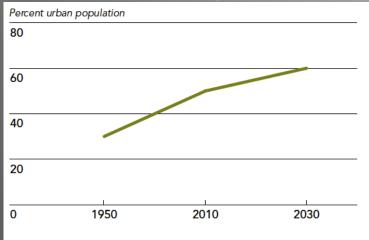
Exploring Strategic Trends Challenges Traditional Approaches



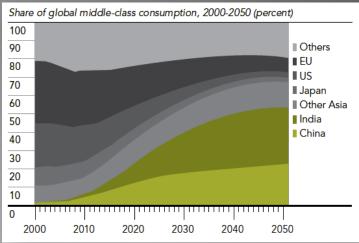
China & India Growing Economically at Historically Unprecedented Rates



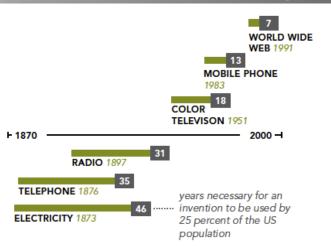
The World will be Predominantly Urban



They will have the Largest Middle-Class



Technology Development & Adoption is Accelerating

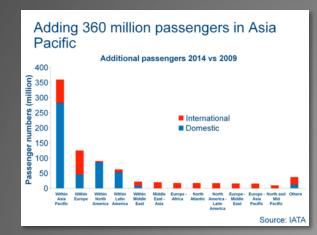


Source: National Intelligence Council

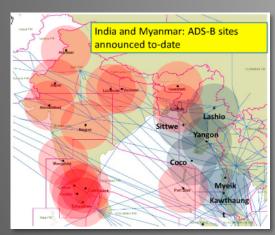
Why are these trends important?



Challenges are multiplying and accelerating – technology is a key lever!



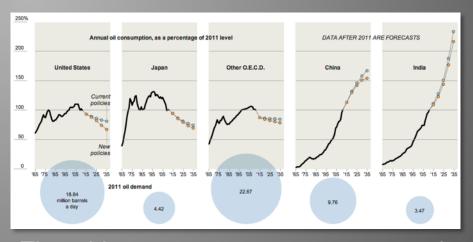
They drive global demand growth for air travel...



They enable "leapfrog" adoption of new technology/infrastructure...



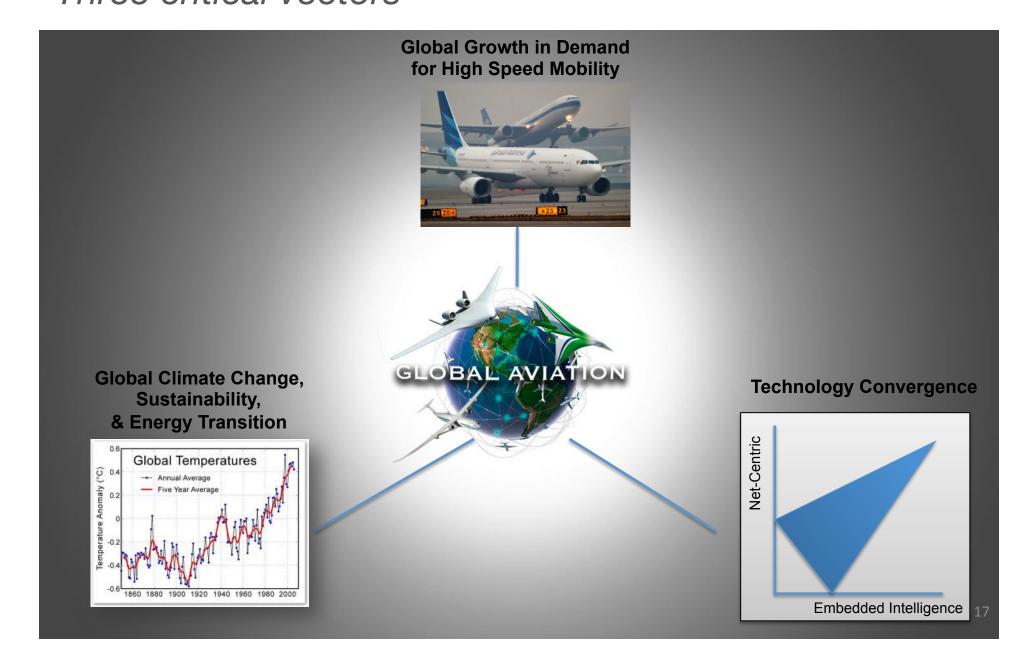
They drive expanding competition for high tech manufacturing...



They drive resource use, costs, constraints and impacts...

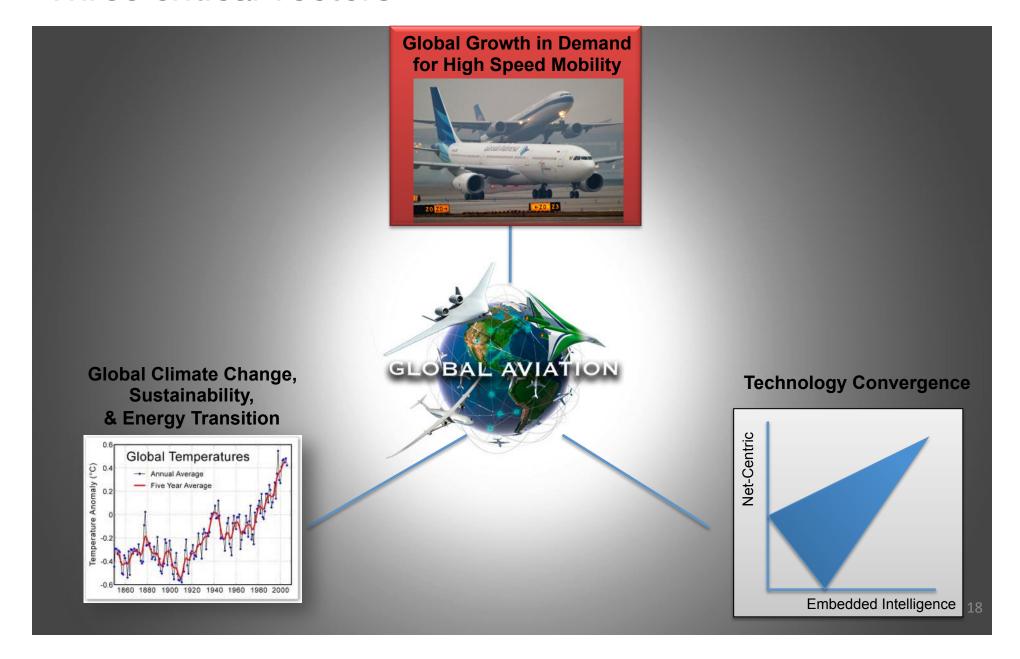
These Trends Create Aviation Mega-Drivers Three critical vectors





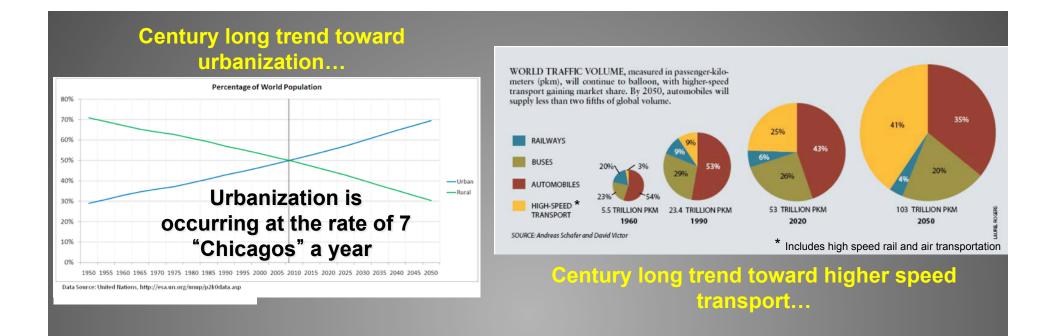
Aviation Mega-Drivers Three critical vectors





Air Transportation - A Critical Global Capability



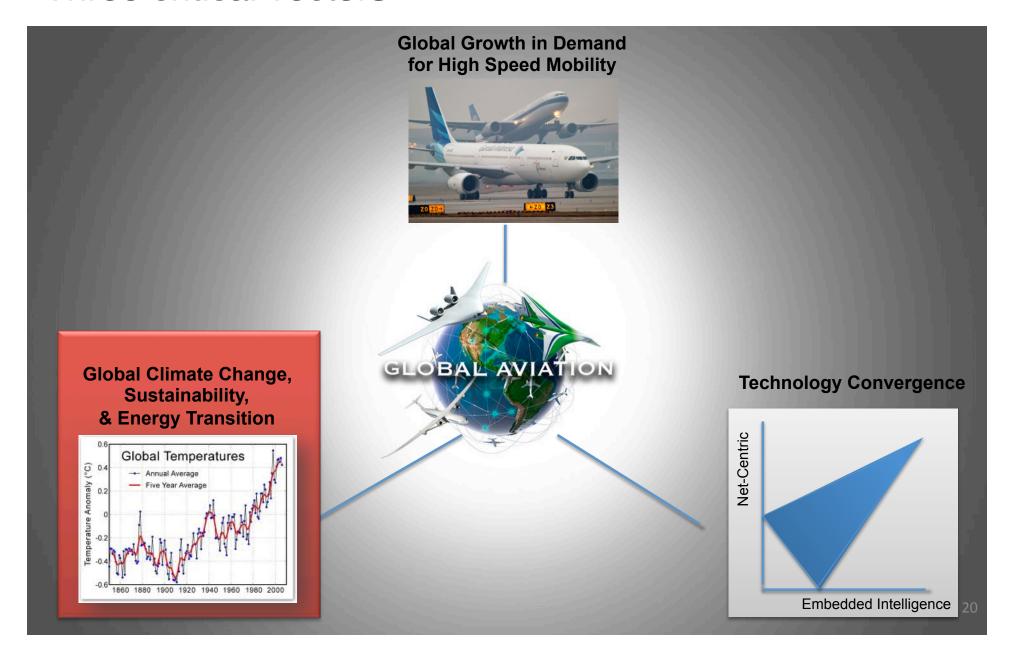


International Air Transport Association (IATA) – Vision 2050

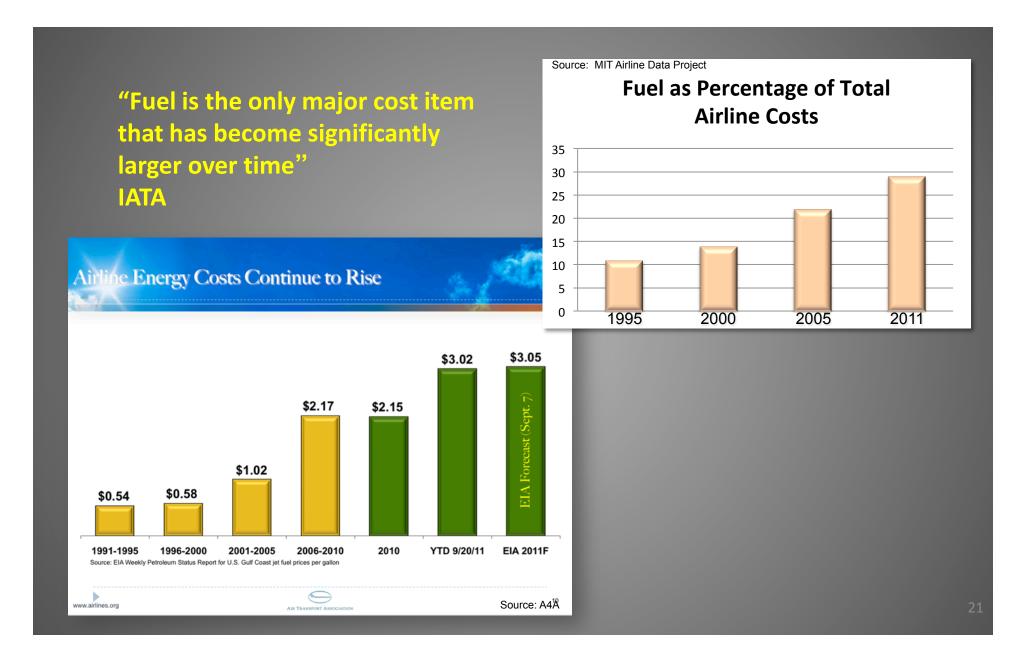
The world in 2050: "Traffic has grown from 2.4 billion to 16 billion passengers in the last 40 years...Technologically advanced aircraft operating on advanced renewable energy sources and capable of carrying anywhere from 2 to 2000 passengers connect intercontinental traffic through a dozen global gateways feeding them to 50-75 regional hubs which redistribute onwards to local airports."

Aviation Mega-Drivers Three critical vectors





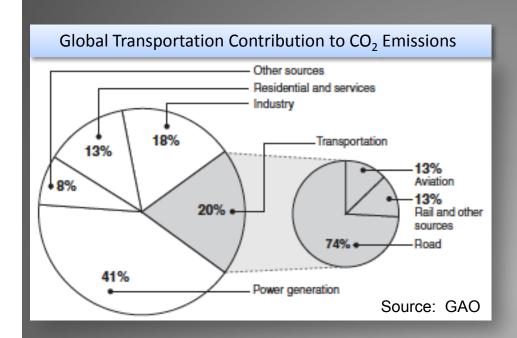
Escalating Fuel Prices have a Large Aviation Impact



Global Warming Imperative



How do we sustainably satisfy global demand for air transportation?



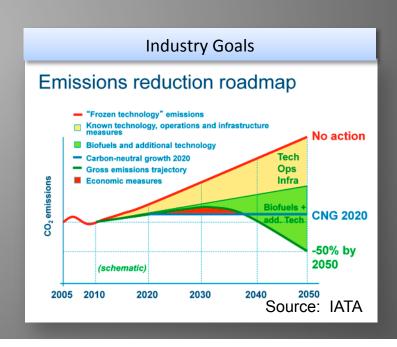
"We will respond to the threat of climate change, knowing that the failure to do so would betray our children and future generations."

President Barack Obama Inaugural Address - January 2013

Strategies for Reducing Transportation- Related Greenhouse Gas Emissions

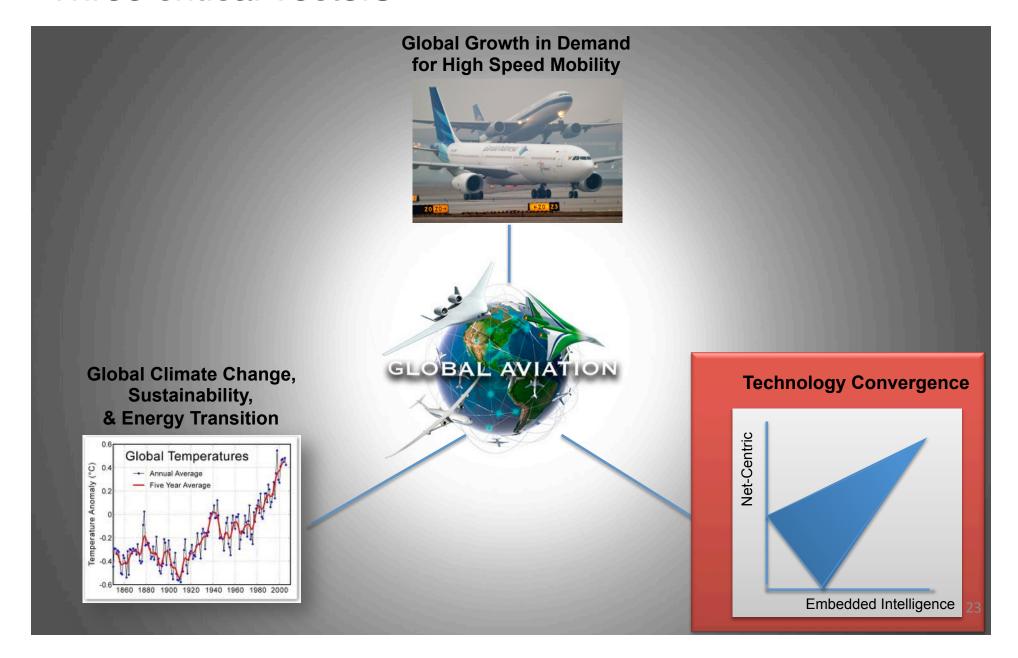
- Reduce the total volume of transportation activity;
- Shift transportation activity to modes that emit fewer GHGs per passenger-mile or ton-mile;
- Reduce the amount of energy required to produce a unit of transport activity (that is, increase the energy efficiency of each mode); or
- Reduce the GHG emissions associated with the use of each unit of energy

 Source: NAS



Aviation Mega-Drivers Three critical vectors





Technology Convergence

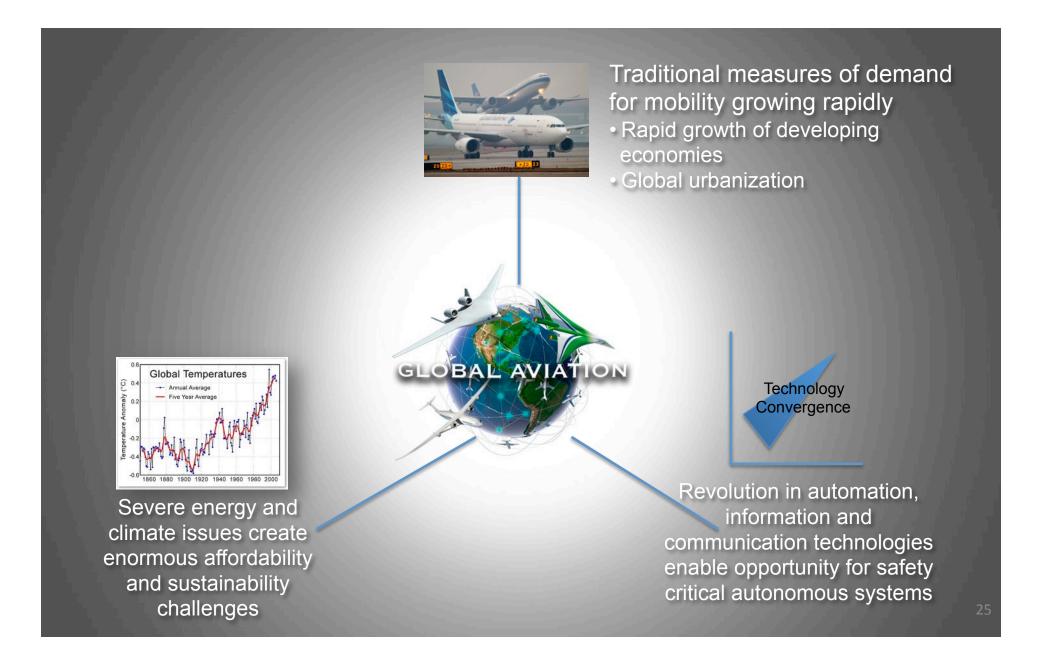


Enabling Assured Autonomy for Safety Critical Systems



Summary of Strategic Trends

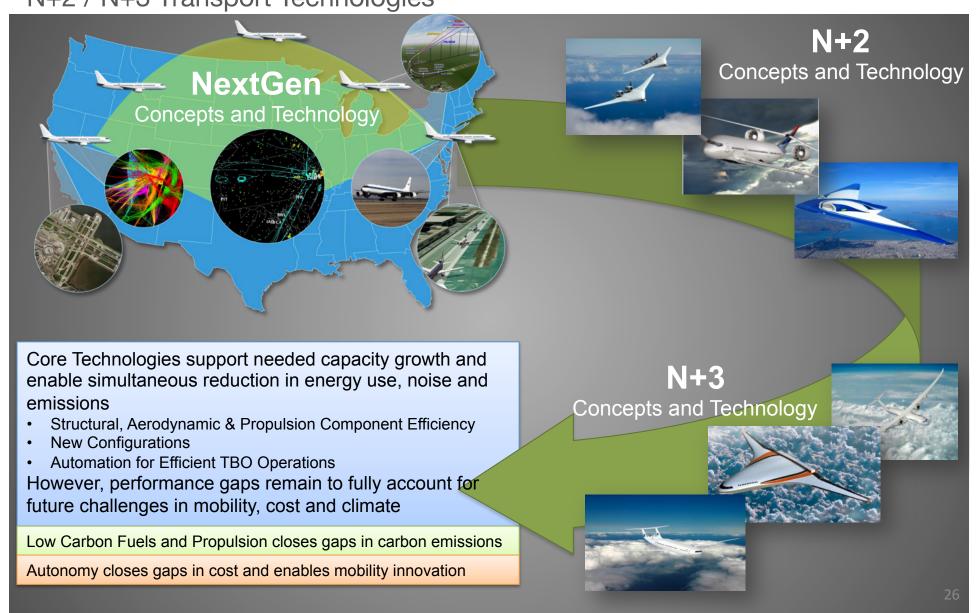




Systems & Portfolio Analysis

Example of integrated assessment of core investments in NextGen and N+2 / N+3 Transport Technologies





Stakeholder Dialogue



Generating Ideas and Insights into Community Priorities

Advance ongoing research in NextGen, Safety, Green Aviation, and UAS Access



- Autonomy
- Composite Structures
- More Electric Aircraft

Aeronautics R&T Roundtable



Need Tools for More Rapid Innovation

- Virtual Testing
- V&V of Complex Systems

Demonstrate Low-Boom Supersonic Flight

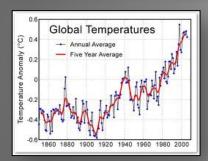
Flight Research is a Critical Element of Technology Maturation and Public-Private Partnership

Strategic Response



3 Mega-Drivers







6 Strategic Research & Technology Thrusts

Safe, Efficient Growth in Global Operations

 Enable full NextGen and develop technologies to substantially reduce aircraft safety risks

Innovation in Commercial Supersonic Aircraft

Achieve a low-boom standard

Ultra-Efficient Commercial Transports

 Pioneer technologies for big leaps in efficiency and environmental performance

Transition to Low-Carbon Propulsion

 Characterize drop-in alternative fuels and pioneer low-carbon propulsion technology

Real-Time System-Wide Safety Assurance

 Develop an integrated prototype of a real-time safety monitoring and assurance system

Assured Autonomy for Aviation Transformation

Develop high impact aviation autonomy applications

Vision: A Revolution in Sustainable, High Speed Global Mobility







Continuing to evolve ARMD Programs to respond to new needs and new approaches to innovative research

Doing business differently

Strategic Management Actions Since 2008



Build Upon Strong Fundamental Research and Excellent Technical Progress to Improve Relevance

Reorganized Programs & Strengthened Tech Transfer

Aeronautics Research

Relevant
Game Changing

Established Top-Down
Strategy & Systems
Analysis

Instituted High TRL
Integrated Systems
Research and Seedling
Fund

Strengthened Interactions and Partnership with the Aviation Community

Next Steps in Strategic Management



Promoting Innovation and Convergent Research

Objectives

Pursue Innovative Solutions Aligned to the Strategic Thrusts

Incentivize Multi-Disciplinary "Convergent" Research

Enable Greater Workforce and Institutional Agility and Flexibility

Actions

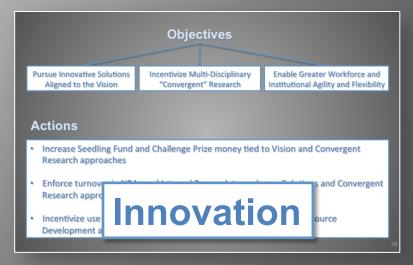
- Improve Seedling Fund based on lessons learned and add Challenge Prize to promote focus, excitement and action on innovative solutions to the <u>critical problems</u> aligned with the Strategic Thrusts
- Develop an initiative to organize universities around ground-breaking research directed toward critical problems aligned with the Strategic Thrusts
- Incentivize use of Innovative approaches to Research, such as Open Source Development and more Agile Flight Research
- Expand partnerships beyond traditional aeronautics industry, to capture leverage from energy innovation, autonomy, and other fast developing technologies
- Continue to work with the Agency through the TCAT process to evolve and transform Agency aeronautics capabilities

ARMD Strategic Management Focus











Synergy with STMD

Relationship to the NASA Strategic Space Technology Investment Plan (SSTIP)



National Aeronautics and Space Administration	Technology Investments	Associated NASA SSTIP Technical Challenge Areas	Associated NRC High Priorities
	Launch and In-Space Propulsion	Launch Propulsion Systems; High Power In-Space Propulsion; In-Space Propulsion; Cryogenic Storage and Transfer	Electric Propulsion; (Nuclear) Thermal Propulsion; Turbine Based Combined Cycle (TBCC); Rocket Based Combined Cycle (RBCC); Micro-Propulsion; Propellant Storage and Transfer
NASA Strategic Space Technology Investment Plan	Robotics and Autonomous Systems	Autonomous Systems; Robotic Maneuvering, Manipulation, Sensing and Sampling; Autonomous Rendezvous and Docking; Structural Monitoring; Robotic Maneuvering	Extreme Terrain Mobility; GNC (includes Relative Guidance Algorithms, Onboard Autonomous Navigation and Maneuvering); Docking and Capture Mechanisms/Interfaces; Small Body/Microgravity Mobility; Dexterous Manipulation; Robotic Drilling and Sample Processing; Supervisory Control; Vehicle System Management and FDIR
	Entry, Descent, and Landing	Advanced Entry, Descent, and Landing; Entry, Descent, and Landing	EDL TPS (includes Rigid TPS, Flexible TPS, and Ascent/Entry TPS); GNC (includes GNC Sensors and Systems [EDL]); EDL Instrumentation and Health Monitoring; EDL Modeling and Simulation; EDL System Integration and Analysis; Atmospheric and Surface Characterization; Deployable Hypersonic Decelerators
	Lightweight Space Structures and Materials	Lightweight Space Structures and Materials; Structural Monitoring	Lightweight and Multifunctional Materials and Structures (includes: [Nano] Lightweight Materials and Structures; Structures: Innovative, Multifunctional Concepts; Structures: Lightweight Concepts; Materials: Lightweight Structure; and 35 Structures: Design and Certification Methods)

ARMD Efforts in Hypersonics



With the lack of civil aviation need for hypersonics and the establishment of the space technology program, ARMD is transitioning and reducing investments

Technology Investments	Associated NASA SSTIP Technical Challenge Areas	Associated NRC High Priorities
Launch and In-Space Propulsion	Launch Propulsion Systems; High Power In-Space Propulsion; In-Space Propulsion; Cryogenic Storage and Transfer	Electric Propulsion; (Nuclear) Thermal Propulsion; Turbine Based Combined Cycle (TBCC); Rocket Based Combined Cycle (RBCC); Micro-Propulsion; Propellant Storage and Transfer

ARMD investment in air-breathing hypersonic systems is focused on sustaining core competence and reimbursable activities with DoD to support military requirements

Entry, Descent, and Landing	Advanced Entry, Descent, and Landing; Entry, Descent, and Landing	EDL TPS (includes Rigid TPS, Flexible TPS, and Ascent/Entry TPS); GNC (includes GNC Sensors and Systems [EDL]); EDL Instrumentation and Health Monitoring; EDL Modeling and Simulation; EDL System Integration and Analysis; Atmospheric and Surface Characterization; Deployable Hypersonic Decelerators
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ARMD has transitioned the EDL investment to the Space Technology Program

Promising Areas of Planned Collaboration Between ARMD and Space Technology



ARMD is planning an expanded investment in composite materials and structures as well as greater focus in autonomous systems

Opportunity to plan cooperative research activities

Technology Investments	Associated NASA SSTIP Technical Challenge Areas	Associated NRC High Priorities	
Robotics and Autonomous Systems	Autonomous Systems; Robotic Maneuvering, Manipulation, Sensing and Sampling; Autonomous Rendezvous and Docking; Structural Monitoring; Robotic Maneuvering	Extreme Terrain Mobility; GNC (includes Relative Guidance Algorithms, Onboard Autonomous Navigation and Maneuvering); Docking and Capture Mechanisms/Interfaces; Small Body/Microgravity Mobility; Dexterous Manipulation; Robotic Drilling and Sample Processing; Supervisory Control; Vehicle System Management and FDIR	
Lightweight Space Structures and Materials	Lightweight Space Structures and Materials; Structural Monitoring	Lightweight and Multifunctional Materials and Structures (includes: [Nano] Lightweight Materials and Structures; Structures: Innovative, Multifunctional Concepts; Structures: Lightweight Concepts; Materials: Lightweight Structure; and Structures: Design and Certification Methods)	



Summary

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